THRESHOLD PHOTODETACHMENT SPECTROSCOPY OF C_2^- IN A 16-POLE WIRE TRAP

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Photodetachment spectroscopy is a powerful spectroscopic technique for determining the internal state distribution of a molecular anion. Previously, our group studied the threshold photodetachment spectroscopy of CN^- at both 16 Kelvin and 295 Kelvin in a 22-pole ion trap and measured the electron affinity of CN with great precision (EA: 3.864(2) eV)[1]. The dicarbon anion, our current molecule of interest, is a well-studied system due to its stable electronic level structure and potential laser cooling transition[2].

Here we present the threshold photodetachment spectroscopy study of C_2^- in a radiofrequency 16-pole ion trap at 8 Kelvin. We investigated the behaviour of the cross section near the threshold for the ground state transition, $C_2 X^1 \Sigma_g^+ \leftarrow C_2^- X^2 \Sigma_g^+$. We see a *p*-wave behavior for this ground state detachment. And we measured the electron affinity, which is consistent with the previously measured values[3][4].

[1]. M. Simpson et al., J. Chem. Phys. 153, 184309 (2020).

[2]. M. Nötzold et al., Phys. Rev. A 106, 023111 (2022).

[3]. K. M. Ervin, et al., J. Phys. Chem. 95, 2244 (1991).

[4]. B. A. Laws et al., Nat. Commun. 10, 1(2019).