

A FRESH LOOK AT THE B1 - X0⁺ and A1 - X0⁺ TRANSITIONS IN TUNGSTEN OXIDE, WO: EVIDENCE OF AN AVOIDED CROSSING?

KRISTIN N BALES, JAMES J O'BRIEN, *Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Missouri, St. Louis, MO, USA*; LEAH C O'BRIEN, *Department of Chemistry, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, IL, USA*.

The complex electronic structure of transition metal diatomic molecules, such as tungsten monoxide (WO), makes them intriguing targets for high level spectroscopic analysis. A plethora of electrons and accessible valence orbitals make WO a difficult molecule to model computationally due to the large number of possible electronic interactions. The (0,0) and (0,1) vibrational bands of the A1 - X0⁺ and B1 - X0⁺ transitions of WO were recorded in absorption at Doppler-limited resolution using intracavity laser spectroscopy integrated with a Fourier-transform spectrometer [for the (0,1) band] and a 1-m monochromator with CCD detector [for the (0,0) band]. The target WO molecules were produced in the plasma discharge of a tungsten-lined copper hollow cathode, using a gas mixture of approximately 70% Ar and 30% H₂ giving a reaction chamber pressure of about 1 torr total. All 4 stable WO isotopologues were observed and analyzed. Initial fits using mass-constrained parameters based on the most abundant isotope were not successful, and hint at strong interactions between the two excited electronic states.