## RAPID FREQUENCY-COMB INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY WITH CROSS-DISPERSED SPECTROMETERS

D. MICHELLE BAILEY, JOSEPH T. HODGES, <u>ADAM J. FLEISHER</u>, Material Measurement Laboratory, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD, USA.

Time-resolved spectroscopy with optical frequency combs combines rapid acquisition with high sensitivity, broad bandwidth, and high resolution.<sup>*a*</sup> This presents an opportunity to study chemistry on a microsecond timescale with molecular specificity and multiplexing. Here we introduce two cross-dispersed frequency comb spectrometers operating in two wavelength regions of the infrared: one from 1.5  $\mu$ m to 1.7  $\mu$ m and another from 4.4  $\mu$ m to 4.7  $\mu$ m. In the latter mid-infrared region, we resolve the ro-vibrational lines of several isotopocules of nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O), demonstrating a spectrometer-limited resolution of 725 MHz.<sup>*b*</sup> Improvements in spectrometer design, beginning in the former near-infrared region, allow for individual frequency-comb teeth to be resolved. Applied in combination with fast-frame-rate camera technology and emerging solid-state or frequency-agile comb sources, the result is a high-throughput spectroscopic technique that is well-suited for investigating the dynamic chemistry of individual events.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>A. J. Fleisher, B. J. Bjork, T. Q. Bui, K. C. Cossel, M. Okumura, J. Ye, J. Phys. Chem. Lett. 5, 2241–2246 (2014)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>D. M. Bailey, G. Zhao, A. J. Fleisher, Anal. Chem. 92, 13759–13766 (2020)